

# Subtle structures with not-so-subtle functions: A data set of arthropod constructs and their host plants

Cássio Cardoso Pereira<sup>1</sup>  | Samuel Novais<sup>2</sup>  | Milton Barbosa<sup>3</sup> |  
 Daniel Negreiros<sup>3</sup> | Thiago Gonçalves-Souza<sup>4</sup> | Tomas Roslin<sup>5</sup>  |  
 Robert Marquis<sup>6</sup> | Nicholas Marino<sup>7</sup> | Vojtech Novotny<sup>8,9</sup> | Jerome Orivel<sup>10</sup> |  
 Shen Sui<sup>11</sup> | Gustavo Aires<sup>4</sup> | Reuber Antoniazzi<sup>12</sup>  | Wesley Dátillo<sup>13</sup>  |  
 Crasso Breviglieri<sup>14</sup> | Annika Busse<sup>15</sup> | Heloise Gibb<sup>16</sup>  | Thiago Izzo<sup>17</sup> |  
 Tomas Kadlec<sup>18</sup> | Victoria Kemp<sup>19</sup> | Monica Kersch-Becker<sup>20</sup> |  
 Michal Knapp<sup>18</sup>  | Pavel Kratina<sup>19</sup>  | Rebecca Luke<sup>21</sup> | Stefan Majnaric<sup>22</sup> |  
 Robin Maritz<sup>23</sup> | Paulo Mateus Martins<sup>4,24,25</sup> | Esayas Mendesil<sup>26</sup> |  
 Jaroslav Michalko<sup>27,28</sup> | Anna Mrazova<sup>8,9</sup> | Mirela Sertić Perić<sup>22</sup> |  
 Jana Petermann<sup>29</sup> | Sérvio Ribeiro<sup>30</sup> | Katerina Sam<sup>8,9</sup> |  
 M. Kurtis Trzcinski<sup>31</sup> | Camila Vieira<sup>32</sup> | Natalie Westwood<sup>33</sup> |  
 Maria Bernaschini<sup>34</sup> | Valentina Carvajal<sup>35</sup> | Ezequiel González<sup>18</sup> |  
 Mariana Jausoro<sup>36</sup> | Stanis Kaensin<sup>11</sup> | Fabiola Ospina<sup>37</sup> |  
 Jacob Cristóbal Pérez<sup>38,39</sup>  | Mauricio Quesada<sup>38,39</sup>  | Pierre Rogy<sup>33</sup> |  
 Diane S. Srivastava<sup>33</sup>  | Scarlett Szpryngiel<sup>40</sup>  | Ayco J. M. Tack<sup>41</sup> |  
 Tiit Teder<sup>18,42</sup> | Martin Videla<sup>33</sup> | Mari-Liis Viljur<sup>42,43</sup> | Julia Koricheva<sup>21</sup> |  
 G. Wilson Fernandes<sup>3</sup>  | Gustavo Q. Romero<sup>14</sup>  | Tatiana Cornelissen<sup>1</sup> 

<sup>1</sup>Programa de Pós-Graduação em Ecologia, Conservação e Manejo da Vida Silvestre, Centro de Síntese Ecológica e Conservação, Instituto de Ciências Biológicas, Universidade Federal de Minas Gerais (UFMG), Belo Horizonte, Brazil

<sup>2</sup>Red de Interacciones Multitróficas, Instituto de Ecología A.C., Xalapa, Mexico

<sup>3</sup>Laboratório de Ecologia Evolutiva e Biodiversidade, Instituto de Ciências Biológicas, Universidade Federal de Minas Gerais (UFMG), Belo Horizonte, Brazil

<sup>4</sup>Laboratory of Ecological Synthesis and Biodiversity Conservation, Department of Biology, Federal Rural University of Pernambuco (UFRPE), Recife, Brazil

<sup>5</sup>Spatial Foodweb Ecology Group, Department of Ecology, Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences, Uppsala, Sweden

<sup>6</sup>Whitney R. Harris World Ecology Center and Department of Biology, University of Missouri-St. Louis, St. Louis, Missouri, USA

<sup>7</sup>Programa de Pós-Graduação em Ecologia, Universidade Federal do Rio de Janeiro, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil

<sup>8</sup>Biology Centre, Czech Republic; and Faculty of Science, Czech Academy of Sciences, Institute of Entomology, Ceske Budejovice, Czech Republic

<sup>9</sup>Faculty of Science, University of South Bohemia, Ceske Budejovice, Czech Republic

<sup>10</sup>CNRS, UMR Ecologie des Forêts de Guyane (EcoFoG), AgroParisTech, CIRAD, INRA, Université de Guyane, Université des Antilles, Kourou cedex, France

<sup>11</sup>New Guinea Binatang Research Center, Madang, Papua New Guinea

<sup>12</sup>Arthur Temple College of Forestry and Agriculture, Stephen F. Austin State University, Nacogdoches, Texas, USA

<sup>13</sup>Red de Ecoetología, Instituto de Ecología A.C., Xalapa, Mexico

<sup>14</sup>Laboratory of Multitrophic Interactions and Biodiversity, Department of Animal Biology, Institute of Biology, University of Campinas (Unicamp), Campinas, Brazil

<sup>15</sup>Department of Nature Conservation and Research, Bavarian Forest National Park, Grafenau, Germany

<sup>16</sup>Department of Ecology, Environment and Evolution, La Trobe University, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia

<sup>17</sup>Departamento de Botânica e Ecologia, Universidade Federal de Mato Grosso, Cuiabá, Brazil

<sup>18</sup>Department of Ecology, Faculty of Environmental Sciences, Czech University of Life Sciences Prague, Suchdol, Czech Republic

<sup>19</sup>School of Biological and Behavioural Sciences, Queen Mary University of London, London, UK

<sup>20</sup>Department of Entomology, Agricultural Sciences and Industries Building, Pennsylvania State University, University Park, Pennsylvania, USA

<sup>21</sup>Department of Biological Sciences, Royal Holloway University of London, Egham, UK

<sup>22</sup>Faculty of Science, Department of Biology, University of Zagreb, Zagreb, Croatia

<sup>23</sup>Department of Biodiversity and Conservation Biology, University of the Western Cape, Bellville, South Africa

<sup>24</sup>Programa de Pós-graduação em Etnobiologia e Conservação da Natureza, Universidade Federal Rural de Pernambuco, Recife, Brazil

<sup>25</sup>Department of Zoology, University of Otago, Dunedin, New Zealand

<sup>26</sup>Department of Horticulture and Plant Sciences, Jimma University, Jimma, Ethiopia

<sup>27</sup>The Biofood Center, Faculty of Biotechnology and Food Sciences, Slovak University of Agriculture in Nitra, Nitra, Slovakia

<sup>28</sup>Mlynany Arboretum, Institute of Forest Ecology, Slovak Academy of Sciences, Slepčany, Slovakia

<sup>29</sup>Department of Biosciences, University of Salzburg, Salzburg, Austria

<sup>30</sup>Laboratory of Ecohealth, Ecology of Canopy Insects and Natural Succession, Nupeb-Ufop, Universidade Federal de Ouro Preto, Campus Morro do Cruzeiro, Ouro Preto, Brazil

<sup>31</sup>Department of Forest & Conservation Sciences, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada

<sup>32</sup>Departamento de Ciências Básicas, Faculdade de Zootecnia e Engenharia de Alimentos, Universidade de São Paulo, Pirassununga, Brazil

<sup>33</sup>Department of Zoology and Biodiversity Research Centre, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada

<sup>34</sup>Instituto Multidisciplinario de Biología Vegetal (CONICET-Universidad Nacional de Córdoba), Córdoba, Argentina

<sup>35</sup>Laboratorio de Ecología, Grupo de Investigación en Ecosistemas Tropicales, Facultad de Ciencias Exactas y Naturales, Universidad de Caldas, Manizales, Colombia

<sup>36</sup>Departamento de Ciencias Basicas, Universidad Nacional de Chilicito, Chilicito, Argentina

<sup>37</sup>Departamento de Ciencias Biológicas, Facultad de Ciencias Exactas y Naturales, Universidad de Caldas, Manizales, Colombia

<sup>38</sup>Laboratorio Nacional de Análisis y Síntesis Ecológica (LANASE), Escuela Nacional de Estudios Superiores Unidad Morelia, Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México, Morelia, Mexico

<sup>39</sup>Instituto de Investigaciones en Ecosistemas y Sustentabilidad, Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México, Morelia, Mexico

<sup>40</sup>Department of Zoology, The Swedish Museum of Natural History, Stockholm, Sweden

<sup>41</sup>Department of Ecology, Environment and Plant Sciences, Stockholm University, Stockholm, Sweden

<sup>42</sup>Department of Zoology, Institute of Ecology and Earth Sciences, University of Tartu, Tartu, Estonia

<sup>43</sup>Field Station Fabrikschleichach, Department of Animal Ecology and Tropical Biology (Zoology III), Julius Maximilians University Würzburg, Rauhenebrach, Germany

## Correspondence

Tatiana Cornelissen

Email: taticornelissen@gmail.com

## Funding information

Conselho Nacional de Desenvolvimento Científico e Tecnológico, Grant/Award Number: 313007/2020-9; Coordenação de Aperfeiçoamento de Pessoal de Nível Superior, Grant/Award Number: 001; Fundação de Amparo à Pesquisa do Estado de São Paulo, Grant/Award Numbers: 2018/12225-0, 2019/08474-8;

## Abstract

The construction of shelters on plants by arthropods might influence other organisms via changes in colonization, community richness, species composition, and functionality. Arthropods, including beetles, caterpillars, sawflies, spiders, and wasps often interact with host plants via the construction of shelters, building a variety of structures such as leaf ties, tents, rolls, and bags; leaf and stem galls, and hollowed out stems. Such constructs might have both an adaptive value in terms of protection (i.e., serve as shelters) but may also exert a strong influence on terrestrial community diversity in the engineered and

Newton Advanced Fellowship, Grant/  
Award Number: NAF/R2/180791

**Handling Editor:** William K. Michener

neighboring hosts via colonization by secondary occupants. Although different traits of the host plant (e.g., physical, chemical, and architectural features) may affect the potential for ecosystem engineering by insects, such effects have been, to a certain degree, overlooked. Further analyses of how plant traits affect the occurrence of shelters may therefore enrich our understanding of the organizing principles of plant-based communities. This data set includes more than 1000 unique records of ecosystem engineering by arthropods, in the form of structures built on plants. All records have been published in the literature, and span both natural structures (91% of the records) and structures artificially created by researchers (9% of the records). The data were gathered between 1932 and 2021, across more than 50 countries and several ecosystems, ranging from polar to tropical zones. In addition to data on host plants and engineers, we aggregated data on the type of constructs and the identity of inquilines using these structures. This data set highlights the importance of these subtle structures for the organization of terrestrial arthropod communities, enabling hypotheses testing in ecological studies addressing ecosystem engineering and facilitation mediated by constructs. There are no copyright restrictions and please cite this paper when using the data in publications.

#### KEY WORDS

arthropods, caterpillars, ecosystem engineering, inquilines, insects, leaf galls, leaf rolls, leaf tents, leaf ties, plant constructs, shelters

#### CONFLICT OF INTEREST

The authors declare no conflict of interest.

#### DATA AVAILABILITY STATEMENT

Data are available as Supporting Information and are also available on Figshare at <https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.16879135>.

#### ORCID

Cássio Cardoso Pereira  <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-6017-4083>

Samuel Novais  <https://orcid.org/0000-0003-3863-0860>

Tomas Roslin  <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-2957-4791>

Reuber Antoniazzi  <https://orcid.org/0000-0003-0052-3867>

Wesley Dátillo  <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-4758-4379>

Heloise Gibb  <https://orcid.org/0000-0001-7194-0620>

Michal Knapp  <https://orcid.org/0000-0003-4487-7317>

Pavel Kratina  <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-9144-7937>

Jacob Cristóbal Pérez  <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-9391-4017>

Mauricio Quesada  <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-7776-9286>

Diane S. Srivastava  <https://orcid.org/0000-0003-4541-5595>

Scarlett Szpryngiel  <https://orcid.org/0000-0003-2965-2873>

G. Wilson Fernandes  <https://orcid.org/0000-0003-1559-6049>

Gustavo Q. Romero  <https://orcid.org/0000-0003-3736-4759>

Tatiana Cornelissen  <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-2721-7010>

#### SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Additional supporting information may be found in the online version of the article at the publisher's website.

**How to cite this article:** Pereira, Cássio Cardoso, Samuel Novais, Milton Barbosa, Daniel Negreiros, Thiago Gonçalves-Souza, Tomas Roslin, Robert Marquis, et al. 2022. "Subtle Structures with Not-So-Subtle Functions: A Data Set of Arthropod Constructs and Their Host Plants." *Ecology* 103(4): e3639. <https://doi.org/10.1002/ecy.3639>